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PATENT APPLICATION

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Washington, D. C. 20231

Case Docket No. **199-2102**
Date:

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of Inventor(s):
Gary Strumolo, Ronald Miller, Louis Tijerina
Jeffry Greenberg

For: **VEHICULAR MIRROR**

Enclosed are:
[x] 2 sheet(s) of drawings
[x] Assignment and Cover Sheet
[x] Information Disclosure Statement, PTO Form 1449, and Copies of Citations
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VEHICULAR MIRROR

(1) FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention generally relates to a vehicular mirror and more particularly, to a side view type of vehicular mirror having a relatively wide field of view and being adapted to display images of objects in close proximity to the vehicle upon which the mirror is mounted, thereby substantially eliminating the "blind spot" which is usually associated with traditional vehicular side view type of mirrors.

(2) BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

A pair of mirrors are typically disposed upon a vehicle in order to allow the driver and occupants of the vehicle to view objects and/or a portion of the vehicular ambient environment which is located behind the driver or to the "rear" and/or along a side of the vehicle. Particularly, each of these mirrors are respectively placed upon a unique one of the front doors of the vehicle, thereby respectively residing proximate to the driver of the vehicle and to the passenger seated next to the driver. These mirrors are selectively adjustable, and the mirror which is proximate to the driver is typically planar while the other mirror is typically convex.

While these mirrors do provide images of areas and objects located to the rear and/or to the side of the vehicle, they suffer from some drawbacks. Particularly, one or more "blind spots" typically exist and are associated with the use of these conventional mirrors. As shown, these blind spots comprise areas or locations, proximate to the vehicle, which are not displayed upon the mirrors due to the planar configuration and/or the limited viewing arc of each of the mirrors.

While these blind spots may be substantially eliminated by "turning" or positioning the mirrors outwardly from the vehicle, such positioning undesirably restricts or limits the amount of the environment which is displayed and causes other blind spots to be created. This "repositioning" also causes the displayed images to "quickly" appear upon the mirror and to appear to "float". Both of these conditions fail to give the driver proper and desirable visual "clues" regarding the exact shape or nature of a displayed object and the "true" distance between the displayed object and the vehicle.

One attempt to overcome this drawback is described within United States Patent Number 4, 331, 382 ("the '382 patent") which is fully and completely incorporated herein by reference, word for word and paragraph for paragraph. Particularly, in the '382 patent, a mirror

having two sections is described. The first section is planar and the second section is generally convex, having a nearly constant radius of curvature. Moreover, the second section is located or disposed at the outermost portion of the mirror (i.e., upon the portion of the mirror which is distant from the vehicle). While these blind spots are eliminated, this prior mirror configuration undesirably makes the displayed objects appear to be a certain and inaccurate distance from the vehicle, thereby undesirably causing confusion and distraction, especially as the vehicle is maneuvered from one lane to another.

It may therefore by desirable to provide a mirror that substantially eliminates the previously delineated blind spot while concomitantly providing a relatively wide field of view and which overcomes at least some of the previously delineated drawbacks.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is a first object of the present invention to provide a vehicular mirror that overcomes at least some of the previously delineated drawbacks of prior vehicular mirrors.

It is a second object of the present invention to provide a vehicular mirror which overcomes at least some of the previously delineated drawbacks of prior vehicular

mirrors and which, by way of example and without limitation, substantially eliminates traditionally provided "blind spots" while concomitantly providing a relatively large field of view.

According to a first aspect of the present invention, a mirror is provided. The mirror includes a first planar portion and a second curved portion that selectively resides proximate to a vehicle.

According to a second aspect of the present invention a vehicular mirror is provided. The mirror includes a first continuously varying curved portion and a second relatively flat portion.

These and other aspects, features, and embodiments of the invention will become apparent from a reading of the following detailed description of the preferred embodiment of the invention and by reference to the following drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is a fragmented perspective view of a vehicle incorporating a mirror which is made in accordance with the preferred embodiment of the invention;

Figure 2 is an exploded view of the mirror which is shown in Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a graph illustrating the relationship between the height and the length of the mirror which is shown in Figures 1 and 2; and

Figure 4 is a graph illustrating the relationship between the curvature and the length of the mirror which is shown in Figures 1 and Figure 2.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT OF THE INVENTION

Referring now to Figure 1, there is shown a vehicle 10 upon which at least one mirror 12 is operatively disposed. Particularly, mirror 12 is made in accordance with the teachings of the preferred embodiment of the invention and is disposed, in one non-limiting embodiment, within a conventional vehicular side view mirror type of protective shroud 14. It should be realized that while only one mirror 12 is shown in Figure 1, vehicle 10 may have a second type of mirror which is disposed upon the opposite side of the vehicle 10 to that which is shown in Figure 1, which is further contained within another conventional rear view mirror shroud (not shown), and which may be substantially identical to mirror 12. Accordingly, the following description of mirror 12 identically and/or equally applies to this second selectively deployed mirror.

As shown best in Figures 2, 3, and 4, mirror 12 includes a first substantially planar portion 16 and a second curved portion 18 which is operatively disposed proximate to the vehicle 10. In one non-limiting embodiment of the invention, portion 18 curves in a direction "towards" the front 9 of vehicle 10 in a generally convex manner and comprises about one half of the length of the mirror 12 (i.e., portions 16 and 18 "meet" along central axis 20).

It should further be realized that mirror 12 is positionally adjustable by the use of motor assembly 13 and a switch assembly 15 which is coupled to the vehicle battery 36 by the use of bus 32 and which is coupled to the motor assembly 13 by the use of bus 34, thereby cooperating with mirror 12 to form a mirror assembly.

In operation, upon the movement of switch assembly 15 to a first position, electrical power is coupled or sourced to the motor assembly 13 by battery 36 and busses 32 and 34, thereby causing the mirror 12 to move in a first direction. Such movement stops when the switch 15 is moved back to an initial position. Movement of the switch 15 to a second position similarly causes the mirror 12 to move in a direction opposite to the direction the mirror 12 moved when switch 15 was placed in a first position. Such movement stops when the switch assembly 15 is moved to an initial position.

As best shown in graph 19 of Figure 3, portion 18 has a height (i.e., the amount by which the surface of the mirror 12 outwardly projects in a direction toward the rear of vehicle 10) which increases from the height of portion 16 (i.e., shown as a reference height of zero) to a height of about 8 millimeters along a direction extending from axis 20 to the curved end 22 of the mirror portion 18. Further, as best shown in graph 21 of Figure 4, beginning at about axis 20 and extending to edge 22, mirror 12 has a continuously varying curvature which is measured in graph 21 by a metric which is inversely proportional to a radius of curvature. This continuously varying curvature substantially eliminates undesired "jumps" in the displayed image and reduces eye fatigue. Further, in one non-limiting embodiment of the invention, the cross sectional area of portion 18, as shown in Figure 3, forms or comprises a portion of an ellipse.

In another non-limiting embodiment, mirror 12 further includes a "score" line 30 that may be used to properly position the mirror 12 relative to the vehicle 10. That is, in operation, the driver visually aligns score line 30 with a portion (i.e., the rear portion) of vehicle by placing switch 15 in a first position thereby allowing the mirror 12 to be positioned in a desired and previously delineated manner. Switch 15 may then be placed in a third position, causing mirror 12 to be

rotated by a certain predetermined amount (i.e., in one non-limiting embodiment about seven to about eight degrees) which is effective to substantially eliminate the conventional blind spot while obtaining the desired and relatively wide viewing range.

It should be realized that the placement of convex portion 18 proximate to the vehicle 10 substantially eliminates the typical blind spot and that the outwardly extending and generally planar portion 16 allows for the acquisition and display of images of objects and/or portions of the vehicular ambient environment which reside and/or "lie" outside of the typical blind spot area but which are nonetheless relatively close to the vehicle 10.

As shown in Figure 2, the region of portion 18 to the right of line 30 (i.e., closest to vehicle 10) provides a "false" measure of distance. That is, objects appearing upon this region of portion 18 of the mirror 12 appear closer to vehicle 10 than they actually are. This false measure of distance, provided by this region of portion 18, is not a highly undesirable characteristic since the objects viewed within this section of the mirror 12 are generally identified only to place them in proper perspective with other objects which appear in other portions of the mirror 12 and such a "false" measure of distance is not particularly troubling to a

driver. Portion 16, and the part of portion 18 which resides to the left of line 30, provide a substantially "true" measure of distance.

It is to be understood that the invention is not limited to the exact construction and method which has been previously delineated, but that various changes and modifications may be made without departing from the spirit and the scope of the invention as delineated in the following claims.

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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

(1) A vehicular mirror comprising a first substantially planar portion and a second curved portion in close proximity to the vehicle.

(2) The vehicular mirror of Claim 1 wherein said second curved portion has a varying height.

(3) The vehicular mirror of Claim 2 wherein said vehicular mirror includes a score line.

(4) The vehicular mirror of Claim 2 wherein said vehicular mirror is movably coupled to the vehicle.

(5) A vehicular mirror comprising a first generally planar portion and a second curved portion in close proximity to the vehicle and wherein said second curved portion has a varying radius of curvature.

(6) The vehicular mirror of Claim 5 wherein said second curved portion has a varying height.

(7) The vehicular mirror of Claim 5 wherein said vehicular mirror includes a score line.

(8) The vehicular mirror of Claim 5 wherein said vehicular mirror is movably coupled to the vehicle.

(9) The vehicular mirror of Claim 5 wherein said vehicular mirror is contained within a shroud.

(10) The vehicular mirror of Claim 5 wherein said vehicular mirror has a generally elliptical cross sectional area.

(11) A vehicular mirror assembly for use with a vehicle, said vehicular mirror assembly comprising a first portion which is proximate to said vehicle and which provides a first image of an object having a false measure of distance and a second portion which provides a second image of a second object having a substantially true measure of distance.

(12) The vehicular mirror assembly of Claim 11 wherein said first portion is curved and said second portion is substantially planar.

(13) The vehicular mirror assembly of Claim 12 wherein said first portion has a continuously varying radius of curvature.

(14) The vehicular mirror assembly of Claim 13 wherein said first portion has a varying height.

(15) The vehicular mirror assembly of Claim 14 wherein said vehicular mirror assembly is movably coupled to the vehicle.

(16) The vehicular mirror assembly of Claim 15 wherein said first portion includes a score line.

(17) The vehicular mirror assembly of Claim 16 wherein said vehicular mirror assembly has a generally elliptical cross sectional area.

(18) The vehicular mirror assembly of claim 17 further comprising a switch assembly which is coupled to said mirror assembly; and a motor which is coupled to said

switch assembly and to said vehicular mirror assembly and which cooperates with said switch assembly to allow said vehicular mirror assembly to be selectively movable.

(19) The vehicular mirror assembly of claim 18 wherein said switch assembly cooperates with said motor assembly to move said vehicular mirror assembly by a certain predetermined amount.

(20) The vehicular mirror assembly of claim 19 wherein said certain predetermined amount comprises about seven degrees.

Serial No. 09/935,695

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A vehicular mirror 12 having a first curved portion 18 and a second substantially planar portion 16. The first curved portion 18 is deployed in close proximity to the vehicle 10, thereby substantially eliminating the conventional "blind spot" while concomitantly providing a relatively wide field of view.

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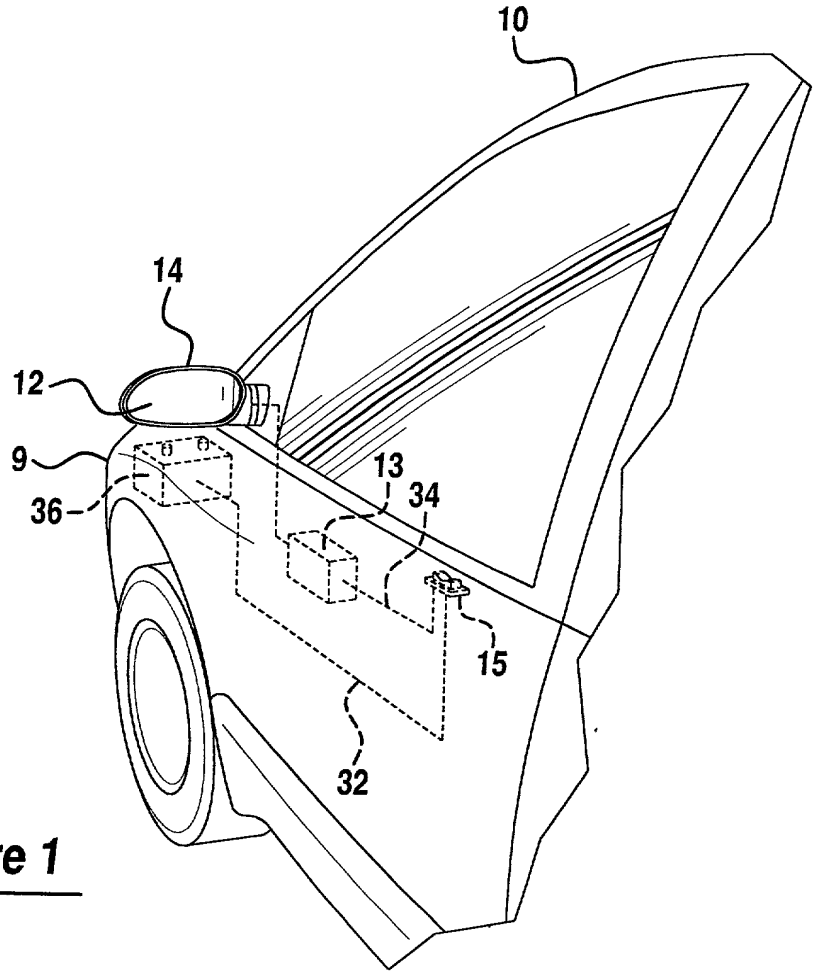


Figure 1

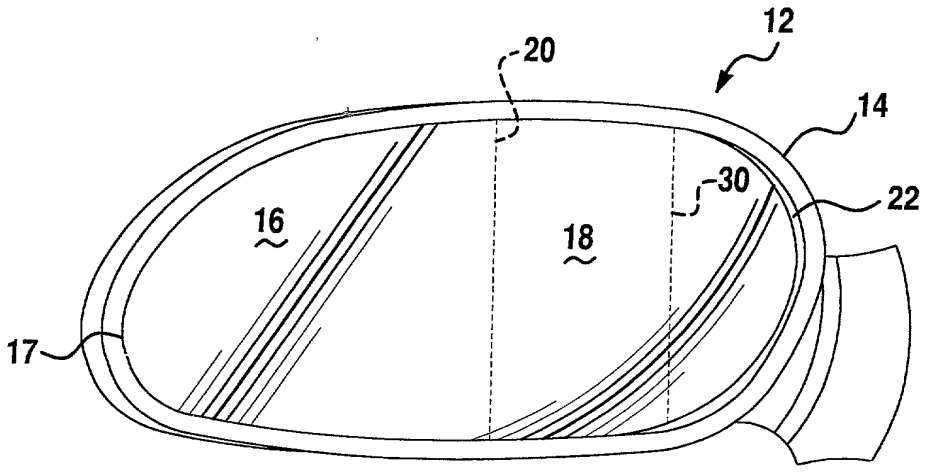


Figure 2

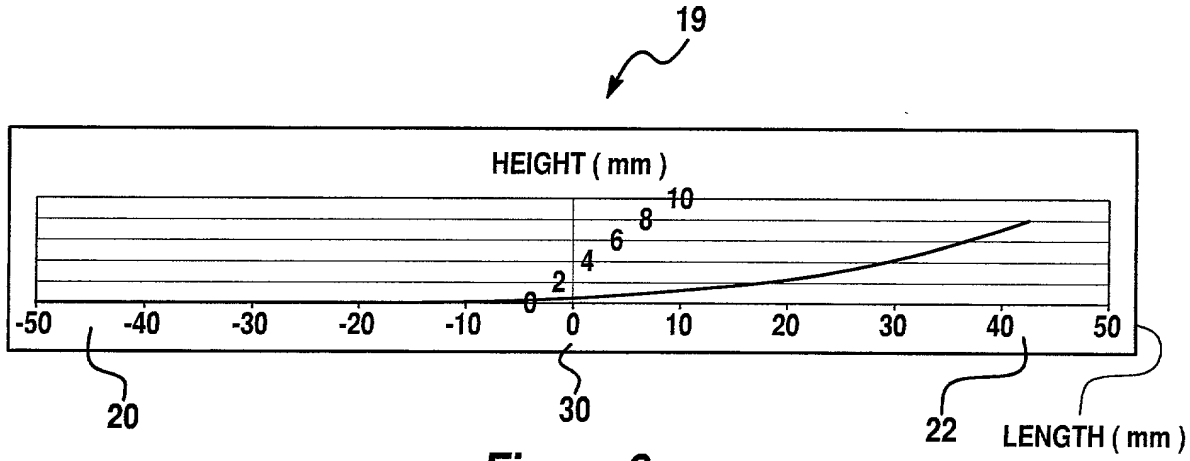


Figure 3

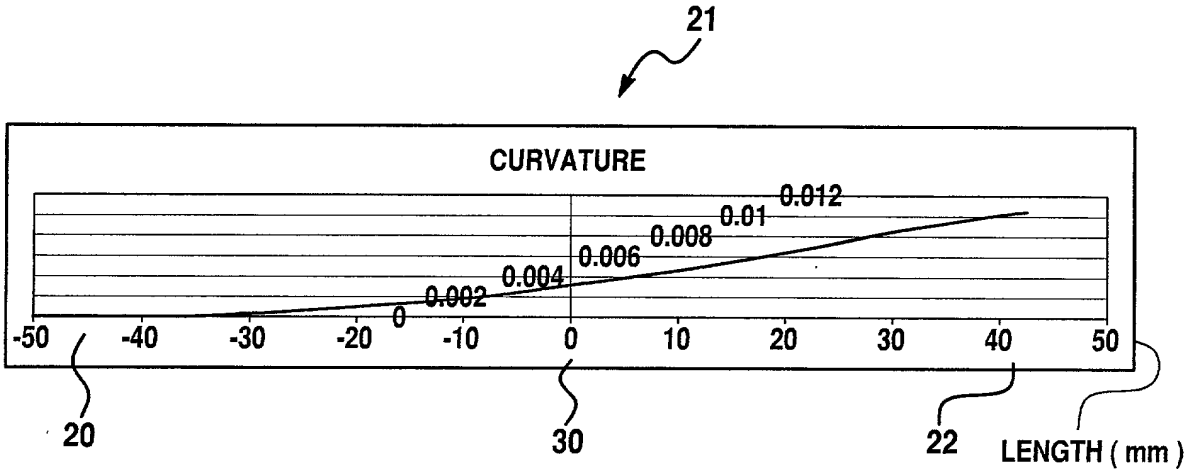


Figure 4

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY - ORIGINAL APPLICATION	Attorney's Docket No. 199-2102

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare:
My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I verily believe I am the original, first and sole inventor or an original, first and joint inventor of the subject matter that is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

VEHICULAR MIRROR

the specification of which is attached hereto.

I have reviewed and understand the contents of the specification identified above, including the claims.

I acknowledge my duty to disclose information of which I am aware that is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Section I.56(a), Title 37 of the Code of Federal Regulations; and

as to application for patents or inventor's certificate on the invention filed in any country foreign to the United States of America, prior to this application by me or my legal representatives or assigns,

[x] no such applications have been filed, or

[] such applications have been filed as follows

COUNTRY	APPLICATION NO.	DATE OF FILING (day, month, year)	DATE OF ISSUE (day, month, year)	PRIORITY CLAIMED UNDER 35 USC 119

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120 of any United States application(s) or § 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application.

(Application Number)	(Filing Date)	(Status - patented, pending, abandoned)
(Application Number)	(Filing Date)	(Status - patented, pending, abandoned)

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the United States Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith and to act on my behalf before the competent International Authorities in connection with any and all international applications filed by me.
(List name and registration number)

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Roger L. May - 26,406

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

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